Peer Run Recovery House Continuum of Care Model Training: Outline 2020 Kyle Wolfe March 1, 2020

The right attitude toward management:

- 1. Understanding that the residence is the residents' home and you just are there to support them
- 2. Treating residents as equals with respect and empathy
- 3. Leave personal issues/feelings aside and putting the resident first

Introductions to clients:

- 1. Setting the tone early
- 2. Reminding the resident of expectations early and often
- 3. Remind the resident that they are cared about

Setting up a basic Treatment Plan:

- 1. Resident's goals
- 2. Resident's recovery path
- 3. Resident's idea/recommendation from residential treatment (aftercare plan)
- 4. Peer suggestions
- 5. Setting up an *Individualized Treatment Plan* for each resident. (See pg. 3-4 for two examples)

Providing resources:

- 1. Employment
- 2. Recovery peer/professional
- 3. Mental healthcare
- 4. Domestic violence
- 5. Healthcare
- 6. Food/other help
- 7. Economic services

Positive reinforcement: Day to day behaviors

- 1. Open ended questions rather than demands
- 2. "I" messages/peer experience
- 3. Affirmations
- 4. Compliments
- 5. Settings boundaries in a kind way
- 6. Putting foot down after at least two positively framed warnings
 - a. We suggestion, "Can we try"
 - b. "I would like you to _____ and these could be the consequences"
 - c. Implementing the consequence
- 7. Choosing battles

Peer 5-stages change: Harmful behaviors before confrontation/along with resident's

Individualized Treatment Plan

- 1. Open ended questions
- 2. Peer support
- 3. Providing resources
- 4. Check-ins
- 5. Transitions/new goals/relapse

Confrontation: Harmful behaviors

- 1. Use an "I-message"
 - a. This is what I see
 - b. This is how I see it effecting you/others
 - c. Do you have any ideas to address this?
 - i. If no, "can I share an idea" and give a suggestion for change

SOP for relapse:

- 1. Points of contact by county/residence
- 2. Coordinating with FSU/Probation and Parole/U.S. Probation
- 3. House meeting while the resident is at PIP to discuss how to support the resident who has relapsed throughout their continued recovery

Crisis management:

- 1. Respond quick
- 2. Be there for resident
- 3. Focus on positive things, liked/shared interests and future goals
- 4. Set time next day to visit or call

Use SAG if resident seems to be at risk for suicide:

- 1. **S-** Show you care
- 2. A- Ask if they are going to hurt themselves or someone else
- 3. **G-** Get help

Basic trauma informed care:

- 1. Avoidance of potentially traumatizing subjects
- 2. Changing the subject
- 3. What has the person done before to get through the trauma?
- 4. Peer support
- 5. Calling crisis services

Proper substance use language:

- 1. How does the resident like to identify?
- 2. Person first language
- 3. Clinical diagnoses: substance use disorder, opioid use disorder, alcohol use disorder
- 4. "Continued Recovery", "Person in Recovery", or "Peer in Recovery" in a professional setting
- 5. "engaged in a MAT program/tapper"

- 6. "slip" rather than "relapse"
- 7. Hub rather than clinic
- 8. Recovery house/residence

Peer support:

- 1. How are we framing our experience? support vs. "war story"
- 2. Boundaries with professional vs. peer support
- 3. When to share and what is appropriate to share

Getting better at what we do:

- 1. Intention list
- 2. A review at the end of the shift/day, or a 10th step for 12-steppers

Treatment Plan Examples

Resident #1

- 1) Goals:
 - a. Stay sober
 - b. Get a job
 - c. Open a bank account

Response to goals:

- a. Set up Individualized Treatment Plan for resident
- b. Provide resources to local employment agencies
- c. Give peer support
- 2) Recovery Path:
 - a. Resident wants to utilized 12-step self help
- 3) Ask the resident what their idea of a 12-step recovery path might look like:
 - a. Provide resources/utilized after care plan
 - i. 12-step meeting list
- 4) Peer suggestions:
 - a. "This is what worked for me as a 12-step member, or this is what I have seen work for others in a 12-step program."
- 5) Setting up an *Individualized Treatment Plan: Plan is crafted with representative based on the resident's goals with other recovery supports in mind*
 - a. Find a 12-step sponsor (at the discretion of sponsor):
 - i. Check-in with them
 - ii. Work steps with them
 - b. Attend 12-step meetings daily for 30 days and then 4 per week
 - c. Find a "home group" to attend weekly

Resident #2

- 1) Goals:
 - a. Stay engaged in MAT plan
 - b. Get a job
 - c. Open a bank account

Response to goals:

- a. Set up Individualized Treatment Plan for resident
- b. Provide resources to local employment agencies
- c. Give peer support
- 2) Recovery Path:
 - a. Resident wants to use IOP and MAT programming
- 3) Ask the resident what their idea of their recovery path might look like:
 - a. Provide resources
 - i. IOP/MAT Hub Brochure
- 4) Peer suggestions:
 - a. "This is what worked for me in IOP and with my MAT plan, or this is what I have seen work for others in similar paths to recovery."
- 5) Setting up an *Individualized Treatment Plan: Plan is crafted with representative based on the resident's goals with other recovery supports in mind*
 - a. Be engaged in MAT plan (at discretion of HUB/Spoke Clinician, or provider):
 - i. Attend compass groups
 - ii. Meet with clinician
 - iii. Meet with provider
 - b. Attend IOP
 - i. Three times per week at discretion of IOP clinician